

Projectiles

Types of Projectiles

Vectors

Objective:

- Differentiate between scalar & vector quantities.
- Be able to draw vector diagrams.
- Calculate the magnitude & direction of a resultant vector.

Vectors

Vector quantity - magnitude & direction W N
S E

Ex. Velocity, acc, displacement, forces

Rep. by arrows \rightarrow

Scalar quantity - magnitude (H)

Ex. Speed, distance, time

HyVee \leftarrow 8 kN W. \uparrow 2 kN N.

LHS

Adding Vectors Vector Diagram

"Head to Tail" method

Resultant Vectors

- two vectors combined

Right Triangles - Pythagorean Theorem

$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$

$2^2 + 8^2 = c^2$

$4 + 64 = 68 = c^2$

$\sqrt{68} = c$

$8.2 = c$

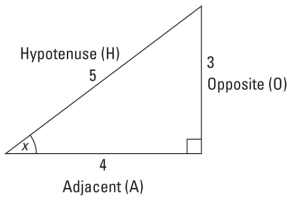
8 kN W \leftarrow

$R = 8.2$ kN \swarrow

2 kN N \uparrow

W N
S E

Right Triangles - Soh Cah Toa



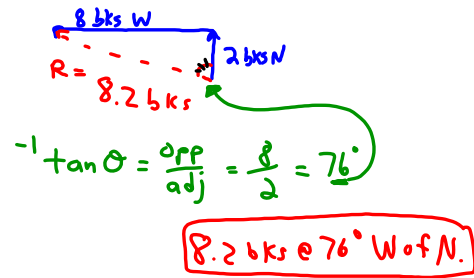
$$\sin(A) = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos(A) = \frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan(A) = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{adjacent side}}$$

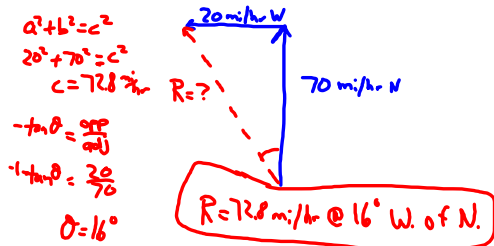
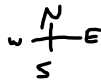
Trig functions relate the angles of a triangle to the lengths of its sides.

Finding Direction

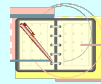


Calculate the magnitude & direction of the resultant vector:

70 mi/hr North (plane)
20 mi/hr West (wind)



Assignments . . .



- Begin Chapter 2 #1 - 4

